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UNIVERSITY OF GALWAY

# CT4101

## Machine Learning



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# Overview

1. Learning objectives and overview
2. What is Machine Learning?
3. Types of Machine Learning task
4. Overview of Data Mining
5. Applications of Machine Learning



# Learning objectives for this section

Having completed this section successfully, you will be able to ...

1. Discuss definitions of Machine Learning
2. Describe what major categories of ML task entail: classification, regression, clustering, relationship discovery and reinforcement learning
3. Discuss the relationship with Data Mining
4. Explain the Data Mining process
5. Consider current and future applications of Machine Learning and Data Mining



# Resources

## Course slides:

Necessary but insufficient!

## Recommended books:

List available on Blackboard

## Others:

Andrew Ng's Coursera Machine Learning Course

Sebastian Thrun's Udacity AI Course

Contributions welcome!

If you find useful links, email them to me at [frank.glavin@universityofgalway.ie](mailto:frank.glavin@universityofgalway.ie)



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# What is Machine Learning? [1]

Samuel, 1959:

*"Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed"*

Witten & Frank, 1999:

Learning is changing behaviour in a way that makes **performance** better in the future

Arthur Samuel, 1901-1990



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Image source: <http://www.computer.org/portal/web/awards/cp-samuel>

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# What is Machine Learning? [2]

Mitchell, 1997:

Improvement with experience at some task

A well-defined ML problem:

Improve over task  $T$

wrt **performance** measure  $P$

based on experience  $E$

For draughts/checkers example, what are  $T$ ,  $P$ ,  $E$ ?

Other possible definitions

Philosophical and psychological considerations ...

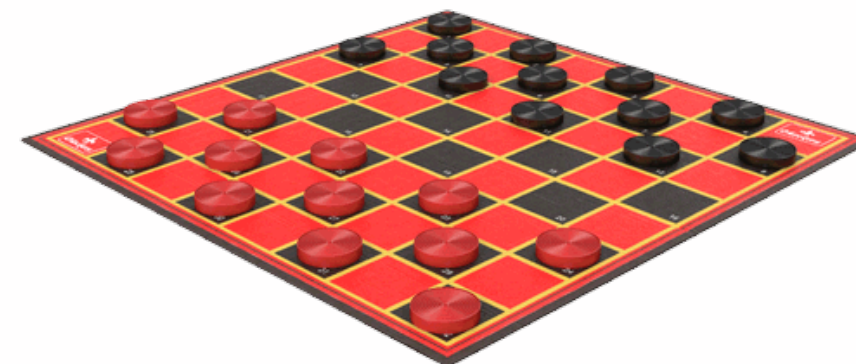
Relationship to Artificial Intelligence generally ...

Artificial Intelligence  $\neq$  Machine Learning  $\neq$  Deep Learning

**Artificial Intelligence  $\supseteq$  Machine Learning  $\supseteq$  Deep Learning**



<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~tom/>



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# What is Machine Learning? [3]

The logo for Google Ireland, featuring the word "Google" in its multi-colored font (blue, red, yellow, blue, green, red) and the word "Ireland" in a smaller, black, sans-serif font positioned below the "le" of "Google".

machine learning is |



# Machine Learning Techniques

Supervised learning

Unsupervised learning

Semi-supervised learning

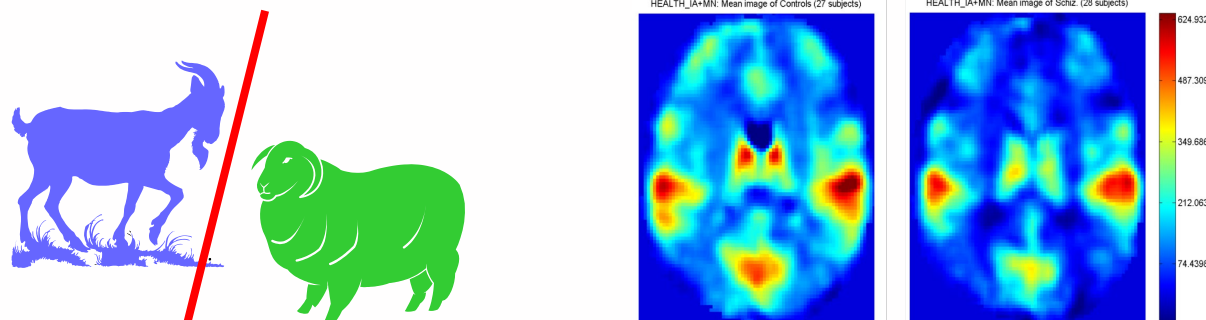
Reinforcement learning





# Major Types of Task [1]

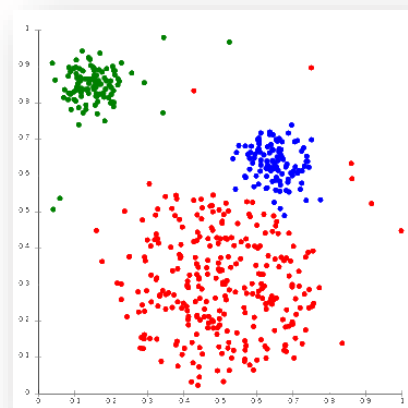
## 1. Classification



## 2. Regression



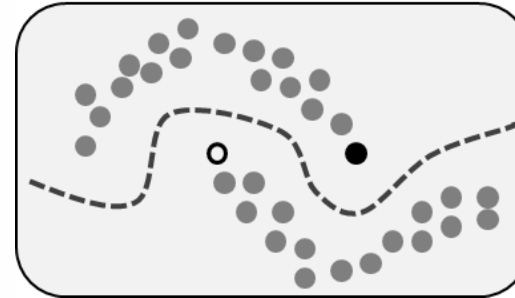
## 3. Clustering



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# Major Types of Task [2]

4. Co-Training
5. Relationship Discovery
6. Reinforcement Learning



beer  $\Leftrightarrow$  diapers



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# Techniques for these Tasks

## Classification

Decision trees, SVMs

## Regression

Linear Regression, Neural nets; k-NN  
(good for Classification too)

## Clustering

k-Means, EM-clustering

## Relationship Discovery

Association Rules; Bayesian nets

## Learning From Part-Labelled Data

Co-Training; Transductive Learning  
[Combines ideas from clustering & classification]

## Reinforcement Learning

Q-Learning, SARSA

Supervised

Unsupervised

Semi-supervised

Reward-based



# What do these have in common?

In all cases, machine searches for a **hypothesis** that best describes the data presented to it

Choices to be made:

How is hypothesis expressed?

*mathematical equation, logic rules, diagrammatic form, table, parameters of a model (e.g. weights of an ANN), ...*

How is search carried out?

*systematic (breadth-first or depth-first),*

*heuristic (most promising first), ...*

How do we measure quality of hypothesis?

What is appropriate format for data?

How much data is required?



# What else to we need to know about?

## To apply ML:

- How to formulate a problem
- How to prepare the data
- How to select an appropriate algorithm
- How to interpret the results

## To evaluate results and compare methods:

- Separation between training, testing & validation
- Performance measures:
  - simple metrics, statistical tests, graphical methods
- To improve performance
  - Ensemble methods
  - Theoretical bounds on performance



# Data Mining: What's the Link?

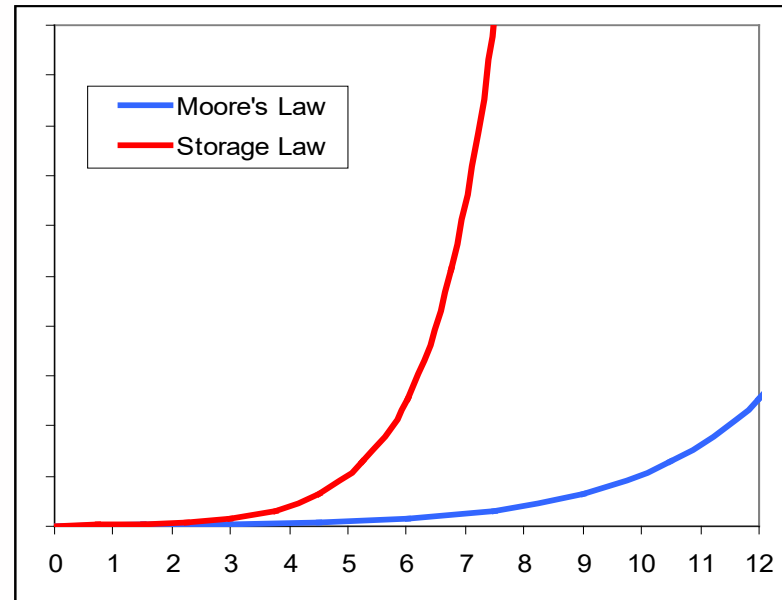
## Data Mining:

Extract **interesting** knowledge from **large unstructured** datasets  
**non-obvious / comprehensible / meaningful / useful**

## Storage Law (Fayyad & Uthurusamy, Comms.ACM 2002)

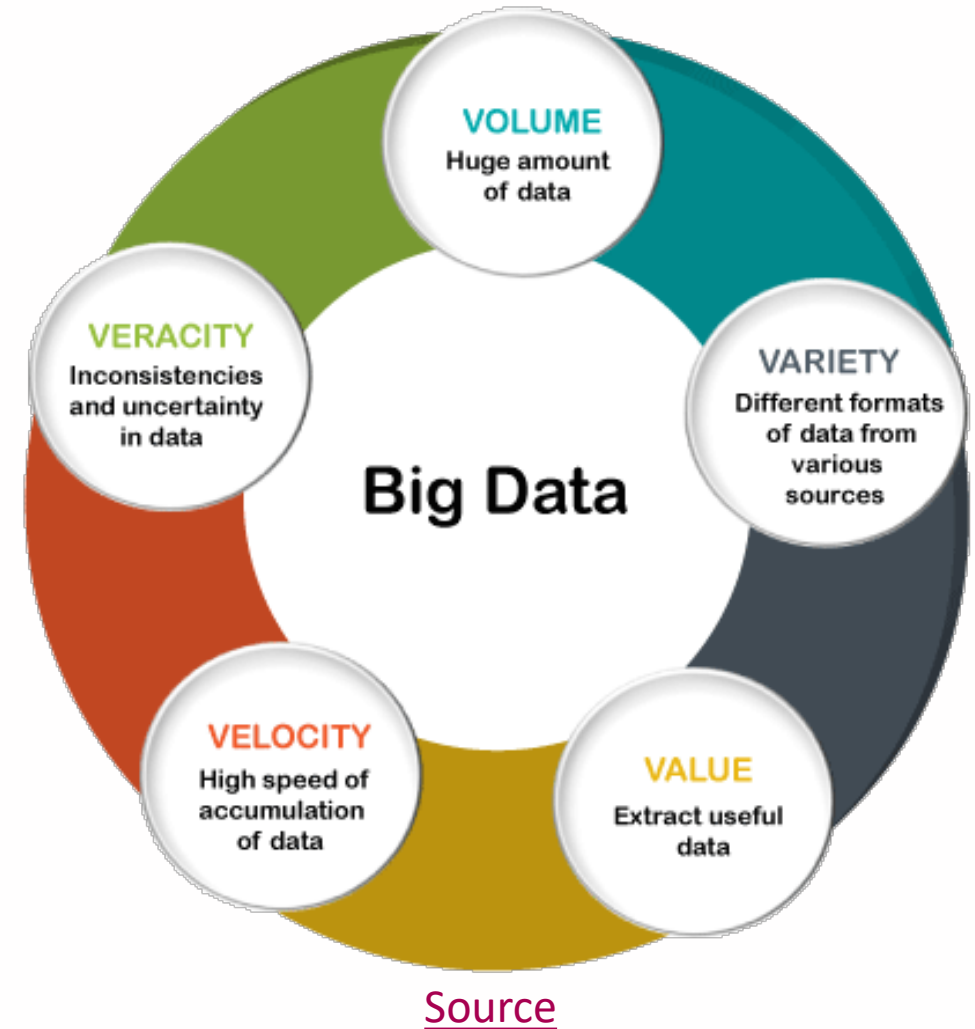
Storage capacity **doubling** every year  
Faster than Moore's law  
Result: write-only "data tombs"

Developments in ML essential  
to be able to process  
and exploit this lost data



# Big Data

- Data sets of scale and complexity such that they can be difficult to process using current standard methods
- Standard DB tools & data management apps
- Moving target



# Big Data

Data scale dimensions (One or more of “3 Vs”):

**Volume:** terabytes and up

**Velocity:** from batch to streaming data

**Variety:** numeric, video, sensor, unstructured text ...

Fashionable to add others that are not key ...

Veracity: quality & uncertainty associated with items

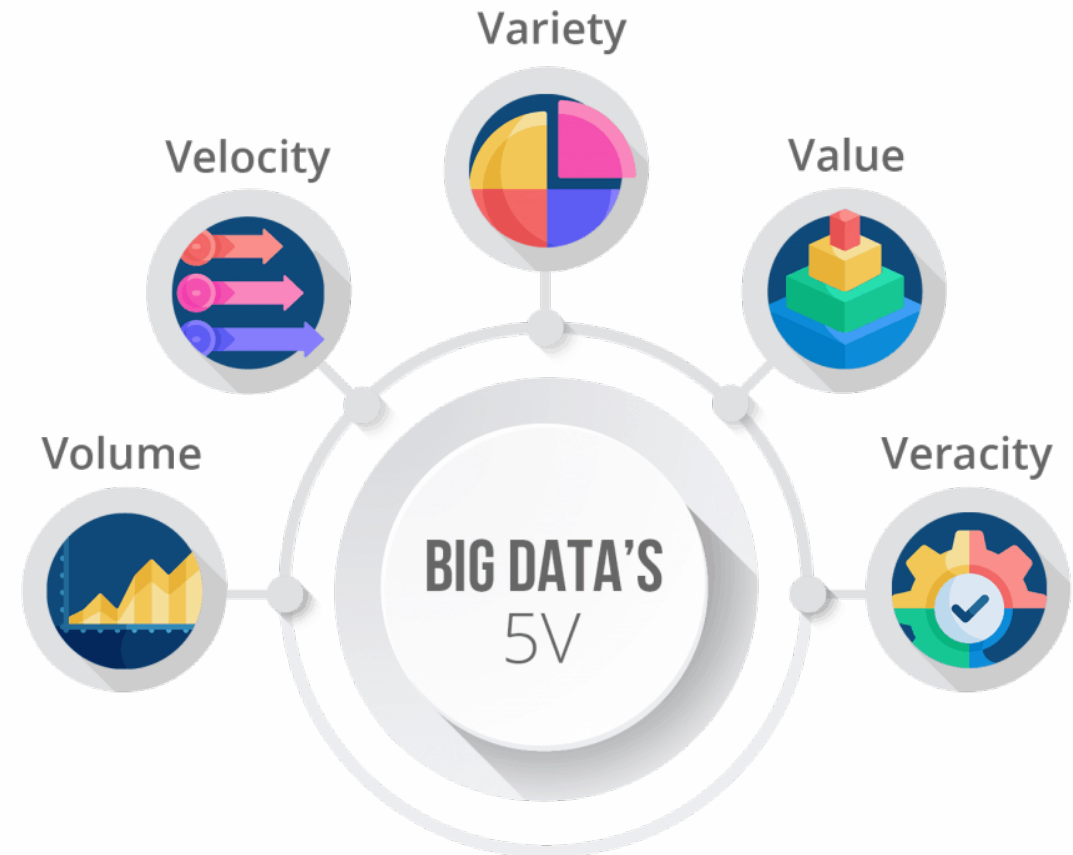
Variability: change / inconsistency over time

Value: for the organization

Key techniques:

Sampling; inductive learning; clustering; associations

Distributed programming methods



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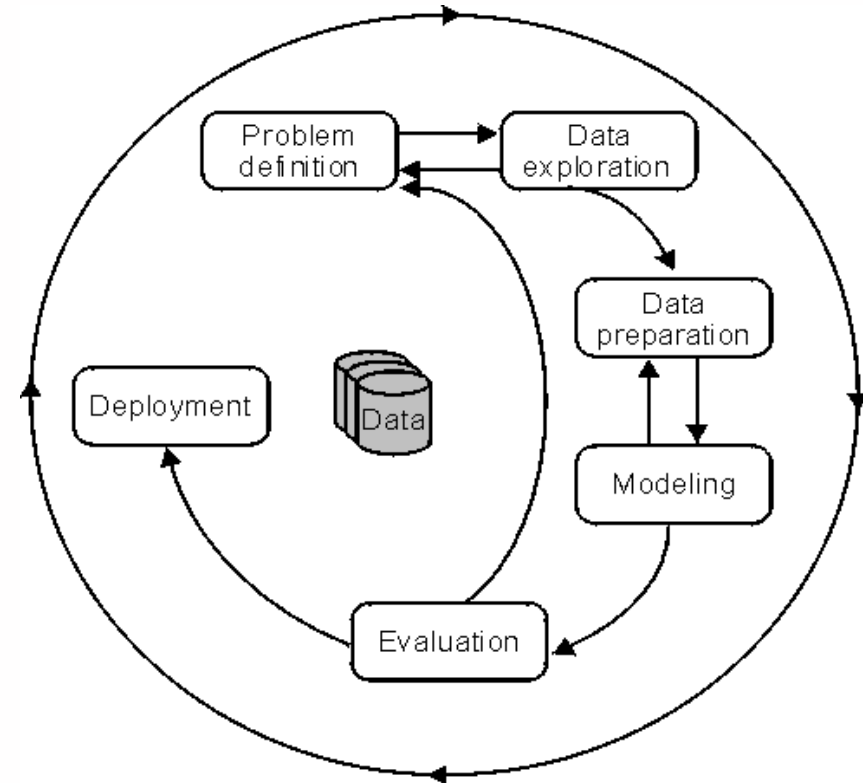


# CRISP-DM Data Mining Process

Problem Definition  
Data Exploration  
Data Preparation  
Modelling  
Evaluation  
Deployment

Cross Industry Standard Process for  
Data Mining (CRISP-DM) process model

This link gives a summary of the main steps in CRISP-DM  
<https://www.sv-europe.com/crisp-dm-methodology/>



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# Current & Emerging Applications

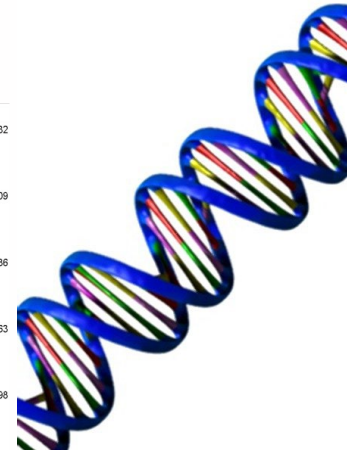
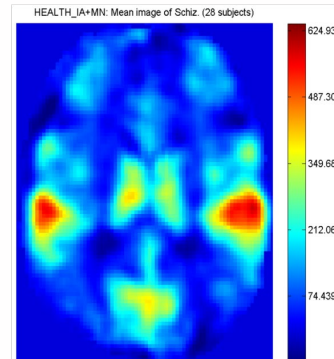
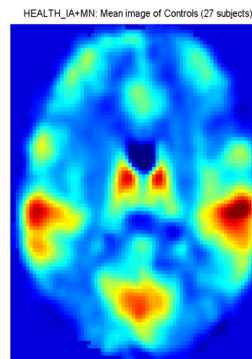
Any ideas?

What companies use Machine Learning?



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# Users of ML & DM



# High-Profile Examples ...



The screenshot shows a social media-style post from Forbes. At the top, there is a dark navigation bar with the 'Forbes' logo on the left, 'New Posts +4 posts this hour' in the center, and 'Most Popular Most Disliked Athletes' on the right. Below this is a profile card for Kashmir Hill, Forbes Staff, featuring a small photo of her, her name, title, a bio snippet 'Welcome to The Not-So Private Parts where technology & privacy collide', and a '+ Follow (1,178)' button. Underneath the profile card, the article's category 'TECH' is shown on the left, followed by the date and time '2/16/2012 @ 11:02AM' and the view count '1,930,513 views'. The main headline of the article is 'How Target Figured Out A Teen Girl Was Pregnant Before Her Father Did'.



# How Netflix is turning viewers into puppets

"House of Cards" gives viewers exactly what Big Data says we want. This won't end well

BY ANDREW LEONARD



House of Cards (BBC, 1990)

⇔ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

⇔ Kevin Spacey (Actor)

⇔ David Fincher (Dir.)

Salon, 1 Feb 2013

[https://www.salon.com/2013/02/01/how\\_netflix\\_is\\_turning\\_viewers\\_into\\_puppets/](https://www.salon.com/2013/02/01/how_netflix_is_turning_viewers_into_puppets/)



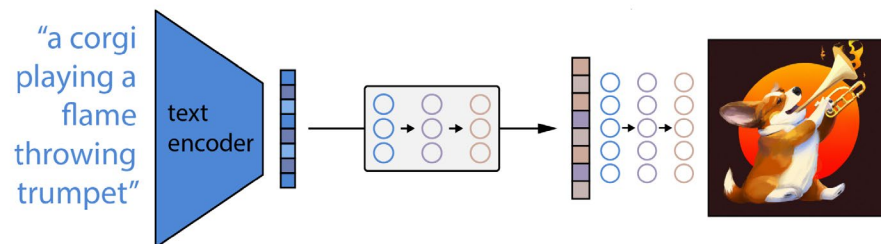
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# DALL-E 2

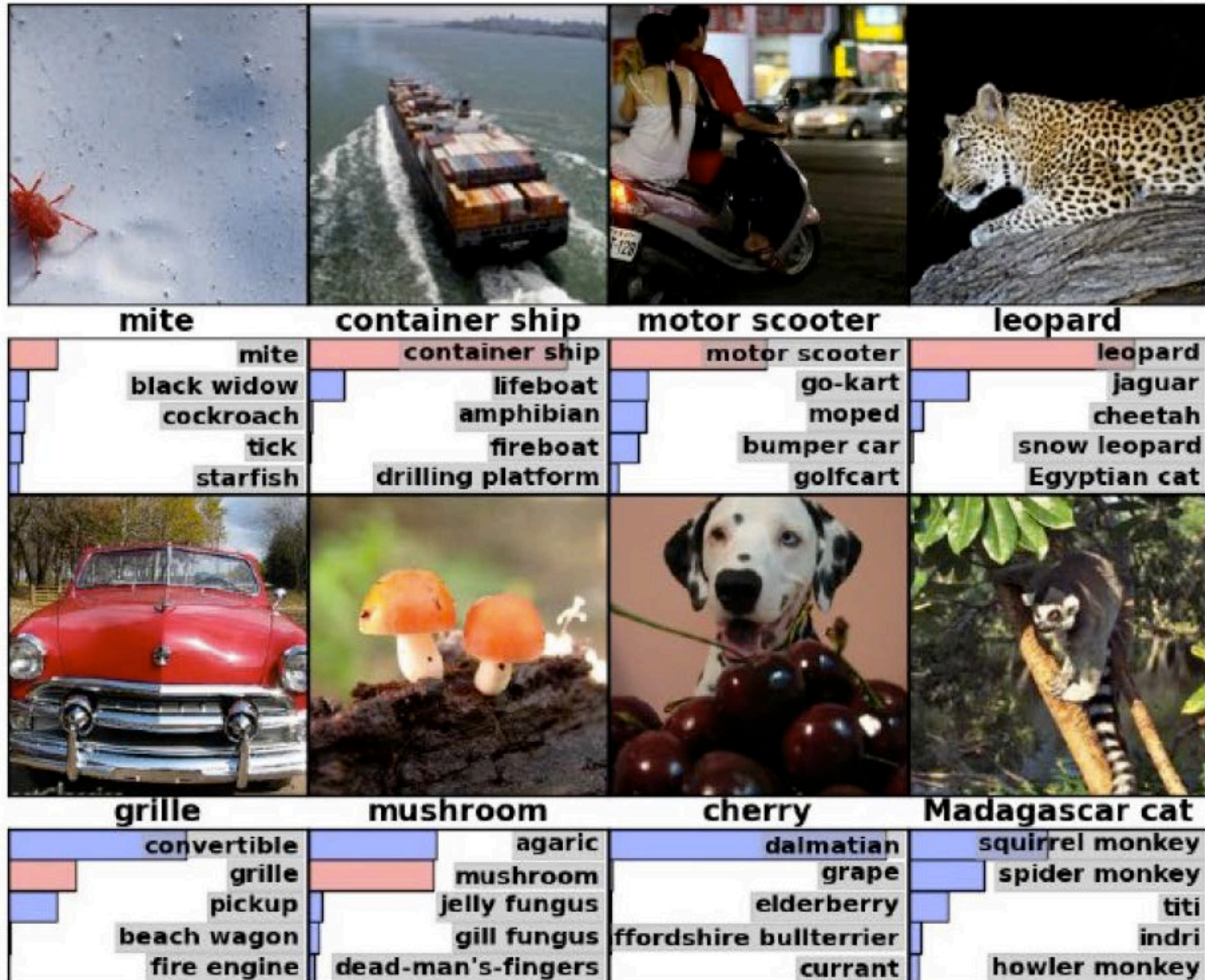
<https://openai.com/dall-e-2/>

<https://www.assemblyai.com/blog/how-dall-e-2-actually-works/>

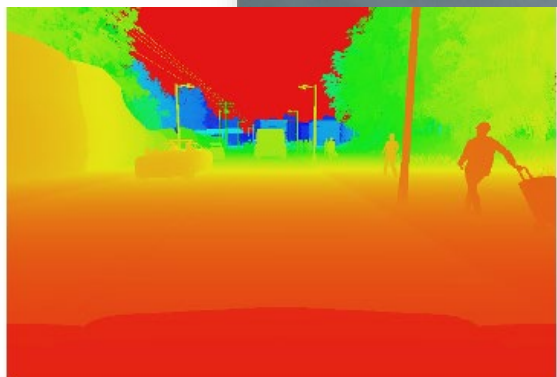


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# Deep Learning for Object Recognition: Hinton & colleagues, NIPS 2012



# AI/ML for Autonomous Vehicles



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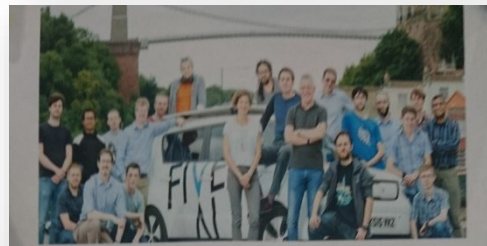
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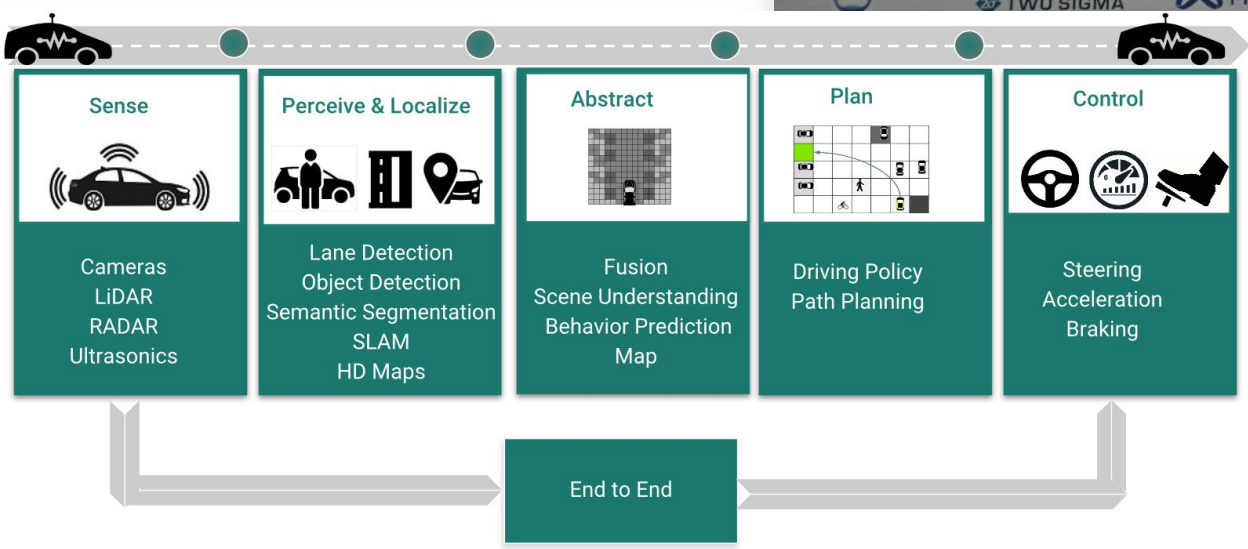


**FiveAI: delivering autonomous vehicles to London in 2019**

KEY COMPETENCIES WE'RE HIRING

Structure Form Motion (SFM) Depth and Pose Estimation  
Stereo Reconstruction Optical Flow  
Pixel-Wise Segmentation SLAM Multi-task Learning  
Recurrent Neural Networks Unsupervised Learning POMDP  
Interpretability / XAI Agent Intention

FiveAI/Careers info@five.ai @FiveAI



**Work on self-driving cars**

Join Autonomous Intelligent Driving in Munich

audi-driving.eu, apply: felix.friedmann@audi.de



# Learning from Experience



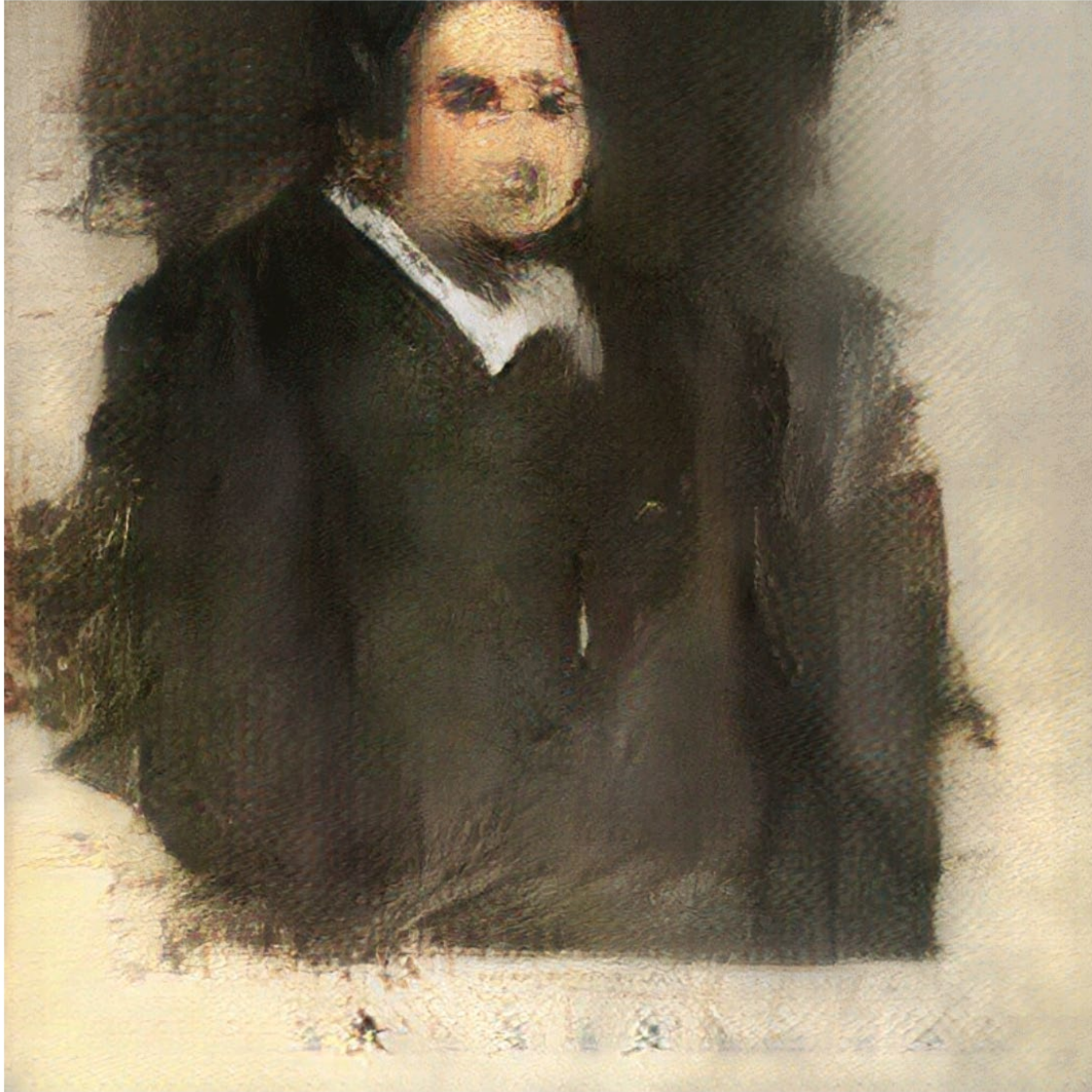
elf



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# Generative Adversarial Networks



Obvious' "Portrait of Edmond Belamy" exceeded expectations at Thursday's sale (Courtesy of Obvious)

**SMARTNEWS** *Keeping you current*

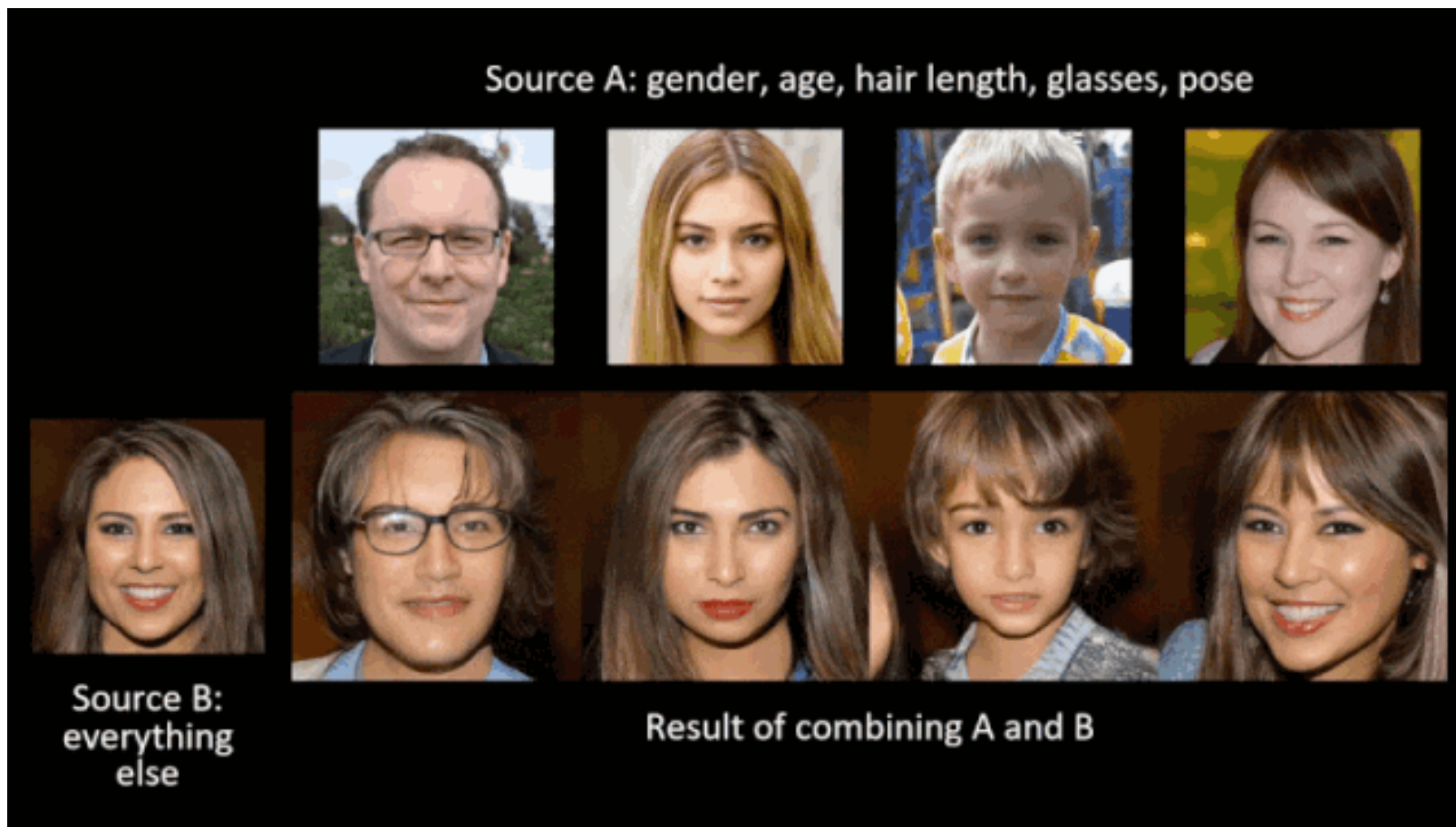
## Christie's Is First to Sell Art Made by Artificial Intelligence, But What Does That Mean?

Paris-based art collective Obvious' 'Portrait of Edmond Belamy' sold for \$432,500, nearly 45 times its initial estimate

October 2018

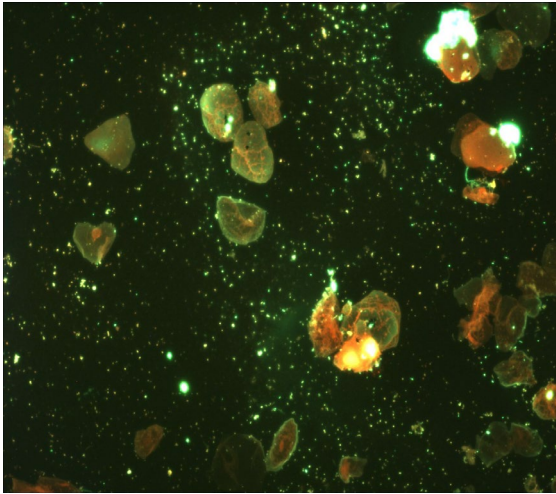
<https://www.smithsonianmag.com/smart-news/christies-first-sell-art-made-artificial-intelligence-what-does-mean-180970642/>

# Generative Adversarial Networks



# Image & Sensor Data Mining

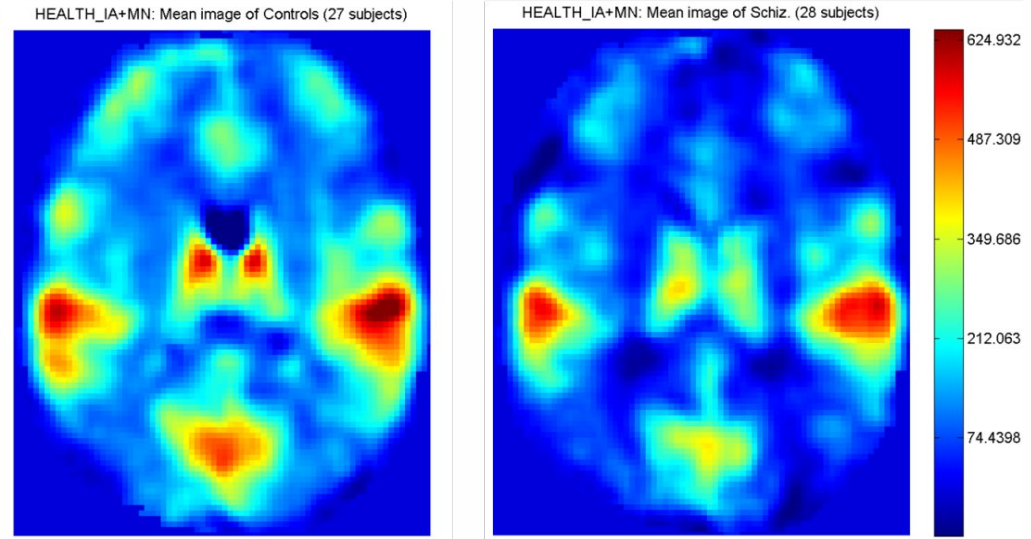
UC Irvine / NIH BIRN collaboration:  
Using fMRI to distinguish subjects with  
Schizophrenia from controls



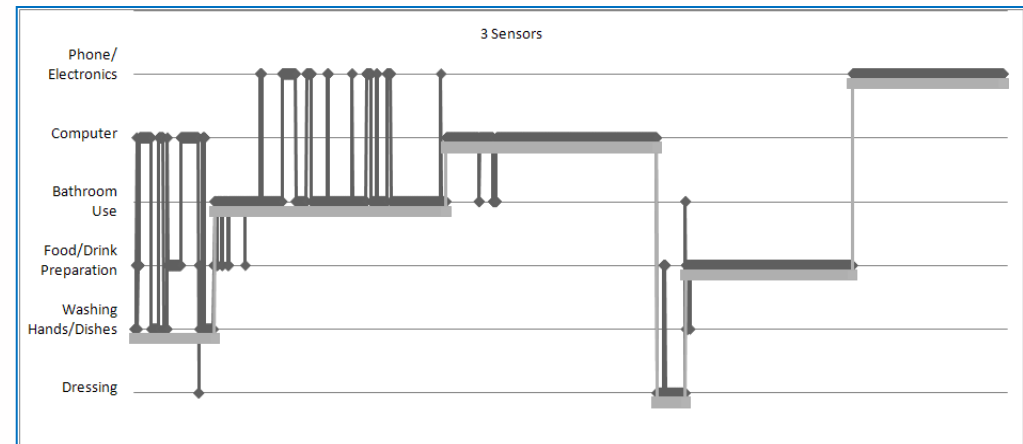
Analysing microscope images of  
sputum to screen for TB:  
Image processing, ML,  
Sequential statistics



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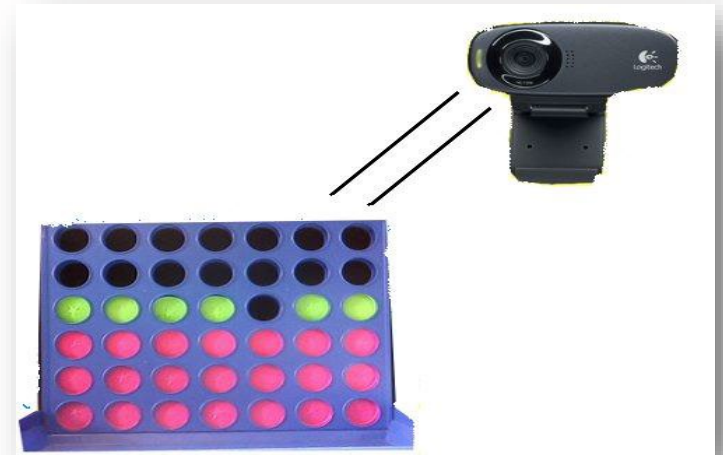
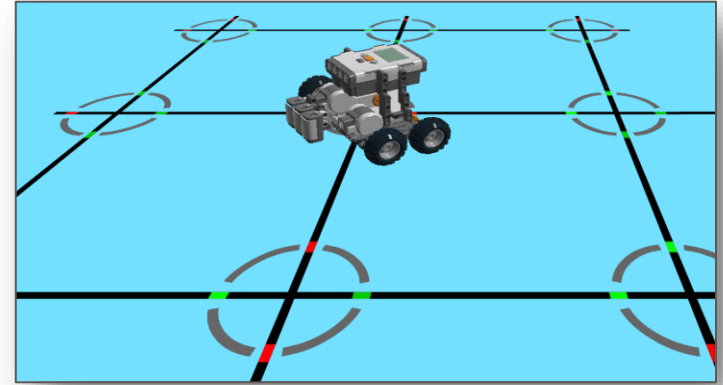


Identify Activities of Daily Living from sensors:  
Ensemble DTW Classifier



# Reinforcement Learning

RL Agent that learns to play UT2004 through trial & error  
Goal: human-like performance  
Robots that learn to navigate mazes & solve puzzles



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# The Future ...

Algorithms for learning from mixed media

Systems that can automatically adapt to changing circumstances (adaptive, 'self-healing')

Software and embedded in hardware

Search engines capable of resolving ambiguity and synthesising results from multiple sources

What will the weather be like in Finland next week?

Wolfram|Alpha, IBM's Watson

Cumulative learning and transfer of skills

Active experimentation

Databases and programming languages with built-in learning; Cloud APIs

Sensors everywhere; small & wearable computing

## What Do Experts Say About the Future of Machine Learning (and Python)?

<https://www.stxnext.com/blog/future-of-machine-learning-and-python-expert-opinions>



# Learning Objectives: Review

If you have been paying close attention, you will now be able to ...

1. Discuss definitions of Machine Learning
2. Describe what major categories of ML task entail: classification, regression, clustering, relationship discovery and reinforcement learning
3. Discuss the relationship with Data Mining
4. Explain the Data Mining process
5. Consider current and future applications of Machine Learning and Data Mining



# Some of my ML work at NUI Galway:

*“Towards Inherently Adaptive First Person Shooter Agents using Reinforcement Learning”*

*“A One-Sided Classification Toolkit with Applications in the Analysis of Spectroscopy Data”*

*“Balancing the Performance of a FightingICE Agent Using Reinforcement Learning and Skilled Experience Catalogue”*

*“Facial Expression Recognition of Animated Characters using Deep Learning”*

*“Robust Classification of High-Dimensional Spectroscopy Data Using Deep Learning and Data Synthesis”*

*“A Multi-class Approach–Building a Visual Classifier based on Textual Descriptions using Zero-Shot Learning”*

