



OLLSCOIL NA GAILLIMHE  
UNIVERSITY OF GALWAY

**Semester 1 Examinations 2022-2023**

**Course Instance** 3BCT1  
**Code(s)**  
**Exam(s)** Third B.Sc. Computer  
Science and IT  
**Module Code(s)** CT3532  
**Module(s)** Database Systems 2

Paper No. 1

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Internal Examiner(s) Professor M. Madden  
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**Instructions:** Answer any 3 questions. All questions are equally weighted.

**Duration** 2 hours  
**No. of Pages** 3  
**Discipline(s)** Computer Science  
**Course Co-ordinator(s)** Dr. C. O’Riordan

**Requirements:**

Release in Exam Venue	Yes
Handout	None
Statistical/ Log Tables	None
Cambridge Tables	None
Graph Paper	None
Log Graph Paper	None
Other Materials	None

**PTO**

## CT3532 Database Systems 2

Exam Duration: 2 Hours

### Question 1

- (a) Outline an approach to generating a minimal cover set. Illustrate your approach by generating a minimal cover set for **F**, where **F** is:

$$\mathbf{F} = \{A \rightarrow B, ABCD \rightarrow E, EK \rightarrow GH, ABCK \rightarrow EG\} \quad (8)$$

- (b) Given a relation R and a set of functional dependencies, outline an algorithm to generate a schema such that all the resulting relations satisfy BCNF. (8)

- (c) Explain what is meant by the term *denormalisation*. Outline, with the aid of examples, two separate forms of denormalisation. Discuss scenarios where denormalisation can be used. (9)

### Question 2

- (a) In the context of concurrency control, explain with a suitable example what is meant by the *temporary update problem*. (5)

- (b) Outline the two phase locking approach to concurrency control and show that it guarantees conflict serializability. (10)

- (c) With respect to database recovery, what is meant by a *commit point*? In distributed databases, the database items are distributed across a number of sites with some items replicated across a number of site. Outline an approach that could be used to commit transactions in such a system. (10)

### Question 3

- (a) Outline an efficient algorithm for performing a join between two relations. Discuss the efficiency of your algorithm. (8)
- (b) Explain how the join algorithm in (a) can be improved given a parallel architecture. Specify the improvement in efficiency. (8)
- (c) Explain, with the use of suitable example, an efficient means to jointly index a number of attributes. Discuss the efficiency of your approach. (9)

### Question 4

- (a) A B+tree is a commonly used data structure used for efficient access to data. Given a B+tree built on some attribute  $a_i$ , write pseudo-code to return all values of  $a_i$  in some defined range. (7)
- (b) In the context of parallel databases, compare round-robin and range partitioning techniques. Discuss the relative merits of these approaches for handling range queries. (8)
- (c) Discuss the motivations for adopting a dynamic hashing approach. Describe, with the aid of an example, any approach to hashing to a dynamic file. (10)

**END**