CT3536 (Games Programming using Unity3D)

State Machines 'Psychic Cards' Example

Finite State Machines

- You have a fixed *set of states* of which precisely one is always selected.
 - For our example, a character could be standing, jumping, ducking, diving, or dead;
 - or, a game could be inMenu, inPause, or inGame
- Conditions/events determine the transition between states



- This approach is very appropriate to apply at various times in games: anywhere that your objects need to have different behaviours in different circumstances
- Knowing what state an object is in can be useful in various places, with appropriate code blocks executed (perhaps using a switch statement)
- <u>http://gameprogrammingpatterns.com/state.html</u>



Example: Psychic Cards

This game of "Psychic match pairs" is written entirely using GUI programming in Unity, and takes a State Machine approach.

Each card has a state any any time, with these possible values, which makes programming their behaviour easy and error-free:

- MovingToInitialPosition
- BackFaceUp
- FrontFaceUp
- FlippingToFrontFaceUp
- FlippingToBackFaceUp
- FadingToRemove

The game is controlled via the player's brain waves: the symbols "show through" the cards when you focus well



PsychicCard.cs void Update() (*pseudocode*)

if (state==CardState.MovingToInitialPosition)

- Move the card's transform.position a little towards its target position on the table
- When arrived, change state to CardState.BackFaceUp

else if (state==CardState.FlippingToFrontFaceUp)

- Advance animation (sprite) towards face-up
- When fully face-up:
 - Change state to CardState.FrontFaceUp
 - Set symbol on card to maximum opacity
 - If this was the 2nd card (of a pair) to be turned over
 - .. and the pair matches, then change state of both cards to CardState.FadingToRemove
 - .. and the pair doesn't match, then change state of both cards to CardState.FlippingToBackFaceUp, and reduce 1 player "life"

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PsychicCard.cs void Update() (*pseudocode*)

else if (state==CardState.FlippingToBackFaceUp)

- Advance animation (sprite) towards face-down
- When full face-down, change card state to CardState.BackFaceUp

else if (state==CardState.FadingToRemove)

- Reduce opacity of card a little
- When at zero opacity, remove from the table and add 1 point to score

else if (state==CardState.BackFaceUp)

• Update opacity of card's symbol based on data from the Mindband device

The cards also have an OnClicked() method (which is called when they're clicked as buttons)

 If the card's state is CardState.BackFaceUp then change it to CardState.FlippingToFrontFaceUp